

# SCHARE Tutorial Think-a-Thons



# SCHARE Data Ex

Health Outcome Research Paradigm Shift: Understanding How Big Data Expands Knowledge

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### **Experience poll**

Please check your level of experience with the following:

|                             | None | Some | Proficient | Expert |
|-----------------------------|------|------|------------|--------|
| Python                      |      |      |            |        |
| R                           |      |      |            |        |
| Cloud computing             |      |      |            |        |
| Terra                       |      |      |            |        |
| Health disparities research |      |      |            |        |
| Health outcomes research    |      |      |            |        |

### Interest poll

I am interested in (check all that apply):

□ Learning about Health Disparities and Health Outcomes research to apply my data science skills

□ Conducting my own research using AI/cloud computing and publishing papers

□ Connecting with new collaborators to conduct research using Al/cloud computing and publish papers

Learning to use AI tools and cloud computing to gain new skills for research using Big Data

□ Learning cloud computing resources to implement my own cloud

Developing ethical AI strategies

 $\Box$  Other

# What is SCHARE?

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Science Collaborative for Health disparities and Artificial intelligence Reduction of Errors



Register: nimhd.nih.gov/schare

**SCHARE is a cloud-based population science data platform** designed to accelerate research population health research, including chronic diseases, health disparities & health outcomes by utilizing transparent artificial intelligence (AI) approaches with a focus on the reduction of errors in the use and reuse of models designed to accelerate innovative research that includes place-based factors and biologics for whole-person health discoveries.

#### SCHARE aims to fill five critical gaps:

- Leverage population science, place-based, and behavioral Big Data and cloud computing tools to foster a paradigm shift in health disparity and healthcare delivery outcomes research to generate innovative whole-person health discoveries
- Advance use of transparency and sophisticated inquiry to develop innovative strategies and differing perspectives to reproducibility and to reduce AI errors
- Upskill novice untrained users in data science through cloud computing skills training, cross-discipline mentoring, and multi-career level collaborating on research
- Provide a data science cloud computing resource and data center for community colleges, and low resource institutions and organizations
- Offer a project data repository centered on core common data elements for enhanced data interoperability and compliance with NIH Data Management and Sharing Policy

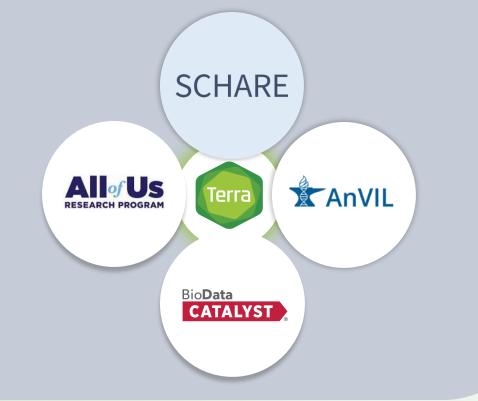


### Google Platform Terra Interface

- Secure workspaces
- Data storage
- Computational resources
- Tutorials (how to)
- Copy-and-paste code in Python and R
- Learning Terra on SCHARE prepares you to use other NIH platforms

#### PREPARING FOR AI RESEARCH AND HEALTHCARE USING BIG DATA

Mapping across cloud platforms with Terra interface for collaborative research





Terra recommends using **Chrome** Must have a **Gmail** friendly account

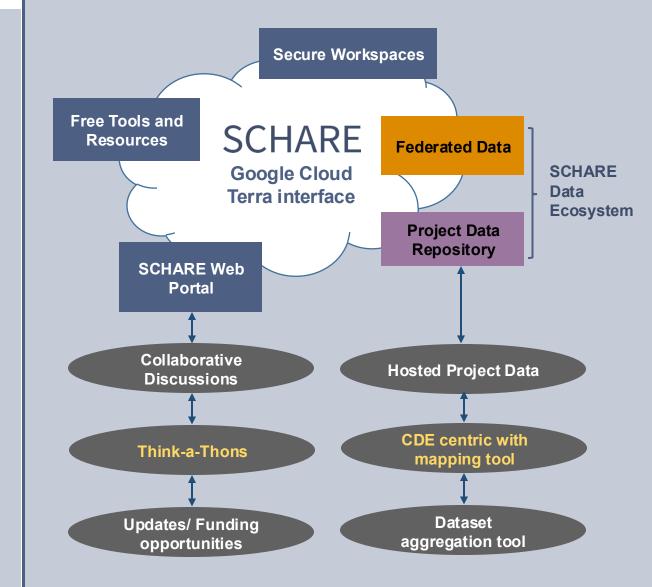
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### **SCHARE** Components

#### **SCHARE co-localizes within the cloud:**

- 1. Datasets relevant to health disparities, health care delivery, and health outcomes research, including social determinants of health and other social science behavioral data
- 2. A project data repository for NIH-funded projects centered on Core Common Data Elements for enhanced data interoperability and compliance with NIH Data Management and Sharing policy
- 3. Secure, collaborative workspaces and for researchers and relevant collaborators
- 4. Computational capabilities for collaboratively evaluating designing and assessing fit-forpurpose utilization of datasets and algorithms to generate AI models that are effective and efficient



## **SCHARE Terra Platform**

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# National/Federated Datasets

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### SCHARE Ecosystem structure

Researchers can access, link, analyze, and export a wealth of SDoH and population science related datasets within and across platforms relevant to research about health disparities, health care delivery, and health outcomes, including:

| <b>300+</b><br>FEDERATED<br>PUBLIC<br>DATASETS | Public<br>datasets  | Publicly accessible, federated, de-identified datas<br>or hosted by Google through the Google Cloud P<br><b>Examples:</b> Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillar<br>American Community Survey (AC | ublic Dataset Program  |
|--|---------------------|--|--|
|  | Project<br>datasets | Publicly accessible and controlled-access, funded<br>datasets using <u>Common Data Elements</u> shared b<br>intramural investigators to comply with the NIH D                                | y NIH grantees and   |
| REPOSITORY                                     |                     | <b>Examples</b> : Forthcoming datasets such<br>as the Jackson Heart Study<br>(JHS)   | Innovative Approach:<br>CDE Concept Codes<br>Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) |

# SCHARE Ecosystem

Datasets are categorized by content based on the CDC **Social Determinants of Health categories**:

- 1. Economic Stability
- 2. Education Access and Quality
- 3. Health Care Access and Quality
- 4. Neighborhood and Built Environment
- 5. Social and Community Context

with the addition of:

- Health Behaviors
- Diseases and Conditions

|                                      | Wor<br>Da |   | aces → ScH | IARe/ScHARe >                                       |              |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|---|------------|---|--------------|
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| Search all tables                    | Q         |   |            | FoodAccessResearchAtlasData2010                     | 0.0297       |
| _                                    |           |   |            | CurrentPopulationSurvey_FoodSecuritySupplement_2011 | 0.184        |
| A_MainTableDatasets (250)            | ()        | - |            | CurrentPopulationSurvey_FoodSecuritySupplement_2012 | 0.185        |
| DiseaseAndConditions (27)            | ()        |   |            | CurrentPopulationSurvey_FoodSecuritySupplement_2013 | 0.184        |
| EconomicStability (62)               | (         |   |            | CurrentPopulationSurvey_FoodSecuritySupplement_2014 | 0.188        |
| EducationAccessAndQuality (54)       | ()        |   |            | AHS_National_Household_2015                         | 0.491        |
| HealthBehaviors (17)                 | ()        |   |            | AHS_National_Mortage_2015                           | 0.002        |
| HealthCareAccessAndQuality (36)      | ()        |   |            | AHS_National_Person_2015                            | 0.057        |
| MultipleCategories (38)              | (         |   |            | AHS_National_Project_2015                           | 0.004        |
| NeighborhoodAndBuiltEnvironment (11) | (         |   |            | CurrentPopulationSurvey_FoodSecuritySupplement_2015 |              |
| SocialAndCommunityContext (8)        | (i)       |   |            |   |              |

### SCHARE Ecosystem: Public datasets

Examples of interesting datasets include:

- American Community Survey (U.S. Census Bureau)
- US Census Data (U.S. Census Bureau)
- Area Deprivation Index (BroadStreet)
- **GDP and Income by County** (Bureau of Economic Analysis)
- US Inflation and Unemployment (U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics)
- U.S. Chronic Disease Indicators (U.S. Census Bureau)
- Point-in-Time Homelessness Count (U.S. Dept. of Housing and Urban Development)
- National Mental Health (SAMHSA)
- US Residential Real Estate Data (House Canary)
- Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services Dual Enrollment (U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Services)
- National Mental Health (SAMHSA)
- Health Professional Shortage Areas (U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Services)
- CDC Births Data Summary (Centers for Disease Control)
- BRFSS Behavioral Risk Factors
- Community Resilience Estimates: Community resilience estimates calculated by modeling individual and household characteristics
- Adult Indicators for Oral Health (NOHSS)
- Alzheimer's Disease and Health Aging Data (NIH)



# Data Analytic and AI Tools

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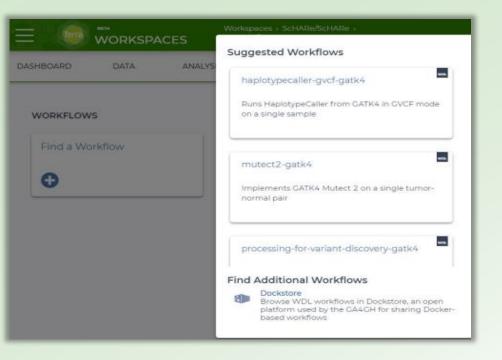
### SCHARE Terra interface: Analyses (Notebooks)

#### Notebooks for analytics and tutorials

|            | WORKSP | Workspaces > ScHARe/ScHARe ><br>ACES Analyses                                       |      |
|------------|--------|---|------|
| ASHBOARD   | DATA   | ANALYSES WORKFLOWS JOB HISTORY  |      |
| Your Ana   | lyses  | + START   |      |
| Applicatio | n      | Name 🖡  |      |
| Jupyter Ju | pyter  | 00_List of Datasets Available on ScHARe.ipynb                                       |      |
| jupyter Ju | pyter  | 01_Introduction to Terra Cloud Environment.ipynb                                    |      |
| jupyter Ju | pyter  | 02_Introduction to Terra Jupyter Notebooks.jpynb                                    |      |
| Jupyter Ju | pyter  | 03_R Environment setup.ipynb  |      |
| Jupyter Ju | pyter  | 04_Python 3 Environment setup.ipynb   |      |
| Jupyter Ju | pyter  | 05_How to access plot and save data from public BigQuery datasets using R.ipynb     |      |
| jupyter Ju | pyter  | 06_How to access plot and save data from public BigQuery datasets using Python 3.ip | oynb |

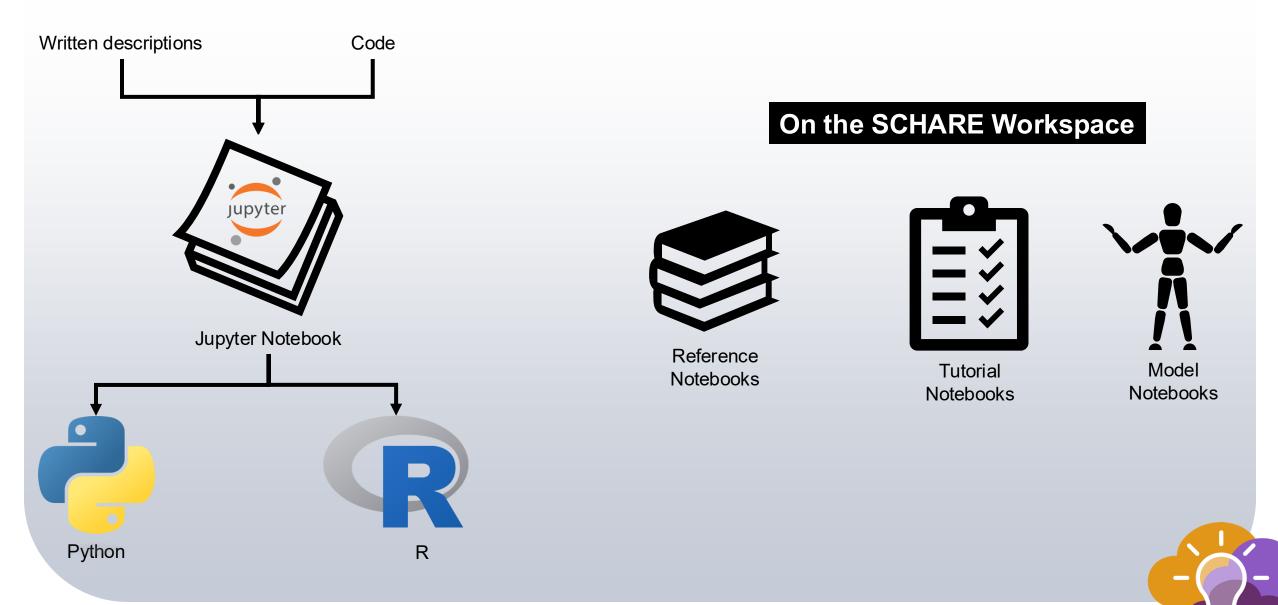
#### **Modular codes**

#### Easy-to-use copy and paste analytics



Modular codes developed for reuse

### **SCHARE Data Analytic Tools**



### SCHARE Model Notebooks under Analysis Tab



Python code model notebooks (SCHARE Workspace -> Analyses -> Section B)

b. 00\_Introduction to Python.ipynb



"Table of Contents"

Describes the purpose of all other notebooks in this section

b. 01\_Python 3 Environment setup.ipynb



Describes what a python environment is and copy & paste code to set yours up

b. 03\_How to access plot and save data from ScHARe hosted datasets using Python 3.ipynb



Copy & paste code for accessing datasets hosted on the SCHARE workspace b. 02\_How to access plot and save data from public BigQuery datasets using Python 3.ipynb



Copy & paste code for accessing datasets hosted by Google BigQuery

b. 04\_How to upload access plot and save data stored locally using Python 3.ipynb

| _ | _ | _ | _ |
|---|---|---|---|

Copy & paste code for accessing data on your local computer



# Secure Workspaces for Single and Collaborative Research

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### SCHARETerra interface: secure workspace

| orkspaces 🔂   |                     | Share Workspace        |  |     |
|---|---------------------|------------------------|--|-----|
|   |                     | User email             |  |     |
| dicated spaces for you and your collaborators to acce | ss and analyze data | Add people or group    | S  | ADD |
| Recently Viewed                                       |                     | Current Collaborators  |  |     |
| ScHARe  | ScHARe Thin         | calzonil2@nih.gov      |  |     |
| /iewed Apr 14, 2023, 11:58 AM                         | Viewed Apr 10,      | Owner                  | <ul> <li>✓ Can share</li> <li>✓ Can compute</li> </ul> |     |
| earch by keyword                                      | gs                  | ScHARe-Contractors@fir | recloud.org  |     |
| IV WORKSPACES (42) NEW AND INTERESTING (              |                     | Writer                 | Can share  | ×   |
|   |                     | ScHARe-Read-Only-Acce  | ess@firecloud.org                                      |     |
| Name  |                     | Reader                 | Can share  | ×   |
| ScHARe  |                     |                        | can compute  |     |

- Secure workspace for self or collaborative research
- Assign roles: owner, writer, reader
- Host own data and code



# **Data Repository**

**NIH Data Management and Sharing Policy** 

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### **The Four Data Lifecycle Stages**

The SDR is here to support your research and your data throughout all stages of the data lifecycle. Our touchpoints can be contextualized by thinking about your data in these four stages.



#### Dawn

#### **Dataset Creation**

Researchers can choose to store their data themselves, uploading it upon study completion, or use the SDR as a storage interface.

#### Midday

#### **Dataset Submission**

Researchers submit their data for public sharing on the SDR, creating a controlled-access version if the dataset contains sensitive information.



#### **Golden Hour**

#### **Dataset Access**

Researchers use the public version of datasets on the SDR, or request access to controlled-access data, for secondary studies.



#### Sunset

#### **Dataset Archival**

Once the dataset meets the archival requirements, the dataset collection is removed from the SDR, and the underlying data is archived.

### **Key Features of the SCHARE Data Repository**

#### Upload your own data

Store collected data and annotate with a data dictionary. Align data to the ScHARe CDEs.

#### Harmonize data to CDEs

Map uploaded data to CDEs. Join your data with project or federated data via CDEs.

#### Browse for data

Find relevant federated national datasets or other project data. Manipulate and aggregate data for analysis

Filter, sort, and select subsets for specific purposes. Link and aggregate datasets.

#### Control privacy levels and data sharing

Share confidential data among colleagues. Share public access data with the research community.

#### Data Analysis via SCHARE Terra or local analysis platform

#### **CDE benefits:**

- Faster start-up for project
- Better data aggregation across projects
- Shared meaning
- Concept-focused to allow questions/answers variations
- Coding enables an URI approach for better data interoperability

A Common Data Element (CDE) is a standardized, precisely defined question, paired with a set of allowable responses, used systematically across different sites, studies, or clinical trials to ensure consistent data collection

### Because Researchers use CDEs...

they can more quickly share data and get results faster, which ultimately can help make a **meaningful difference to our nation's health**.



For more information about how CDEs accelerate research discoveries, visit: cde.nlm.nih.gov/resources

### **SCHARE CDEs Human & Machine Readable**

"mish unit of

animal

measure or

#### **Semantically Defined: (Human Readable)**

Each are semantically defined by a standardized coding system for shared meaning

Use of international/national coding systems – LOINC, UMLS, SemNet, FHIR, NCIt

Colon: sentence

Punctuation or

biological organ?

Alcohol:

disinfecting

or drinking?

**Coded (Machine Readable) : Use** URI approach of associated codes that can be mapped across coding systems to create data interoperability

Pipes to separate data points (i.e. flower plant succulent grass tree)





### SCHARECore CDEs Phenx Toolkit

- Age
- Birthplace
- Zip Code
- Race and Ethnicity
- Sex at Birth
- Marital Status
- Education
- Annual Household Income
- Household Size

- English Proficiency
- Disabilities
- Health Insurance
- Employment Status
- Usual Place of Health Care
- Financial Security / Social Needs
- Self-Reported Health
- Health Conditions (and Associated Medications/Treatments)
- NIMHD Framework\*
- Health Disparity Outcomes\*

\* Project Level CDEs



SCHARE has developed **Common Data Elements** to ensure consistent data collection across studies, facilitate interoperability, and link data from different sources

NIH CDE Repository: <u>cde.nlm.nih.gov/home</u> PhenX Toolkit: <u>www.nimhd.nih.gov/resources/phenx/</u>

### NIH Endorsed

# **SCHARE SDR Collections & Associations**

### Collections

- Each project establishes its COLLECTION:
- Own data (ongoing or final)
- Single or collaborative
- Data Documentation
- Privacy controls
- CDE mapping
- Metadata

Data Submission can be ongoing or at end of project.

- Can provide resource as a data center (ongoing)
- Fulfills Data Management and Sharing Policy (final)

### Associations

- ASSOCIATIONS comprised of multiple COLLECTIONs:
  - Creates parent collection
  - Own data (ongoing or final)
  - Single or collaborative
  - Data Documentation
  - Privacy controls
  - CDE mapping
  - o Metadata
- Adds Collections to the Association

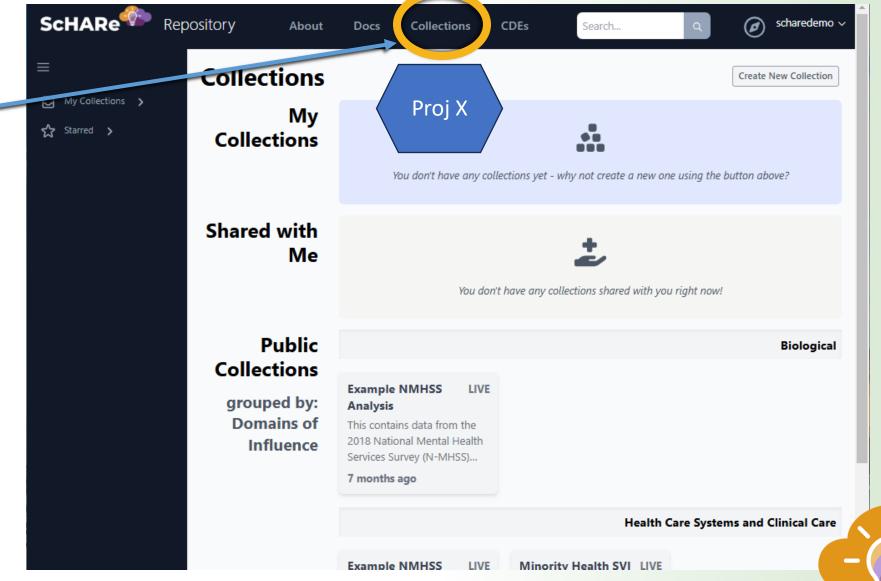


### **Project Data**

Collections are a place where you can describe and store your data and any related metadata and federated data.

Can be shared with colleagues

Privacy controls & published when you're ready.



| () Rocent >    | schare.demo2 / Test Collection 3/17/2025 / LIVE  | 19 S & Operations -                        |                  |
|----------------|--|--|------------------|
| Wy Collections |  |  |                  |
| ☆ Starred >    | Test Collection 3/17/2025 Abstract   | Access Level ()                            |                  |
|                | This is a sample abstract designed to test the formatting and layout. It includes various elements like headings, subheadings, and text in<br>order to evaluate the readability and structure of the document. The content itself is a placeholder and does not carry any specific<br>meaning but serves as a tool for previewing how text will appear in the final layout. It helps assess how the document handles large<br>amounts of text, ensuring that the design is both functional and visually appealing. The goal is to test the overall presentation before the<br>real content is added. | Analysis Readiness                         | Data Access &    |
|                | Research Areas  • Health Dispanity Outcomes  Research Focuses  • Higher incidence and/or prevalence of disease, including earlier anset or more aggressive progression of disease  | 8 / 17 CDEs assigned                       | Data             |
|                | Levels of Influence     Individual     Domains of Influence     Hesith Care Systems and Clinical Care      Links and Documents   | Tags<br># Topics tagged in this collection | Interoperability |
|                | > Data Items   | Age (Adolescents                           |                  |
|                |  |  |                  |

By default, all collections start out as **Private**.

### **Access Levels and Sharing Data**

The access level of a collection defines the maximum permissions that can be used to share it with others. You have control over how your data is shared on the ScHARe Data Repository.

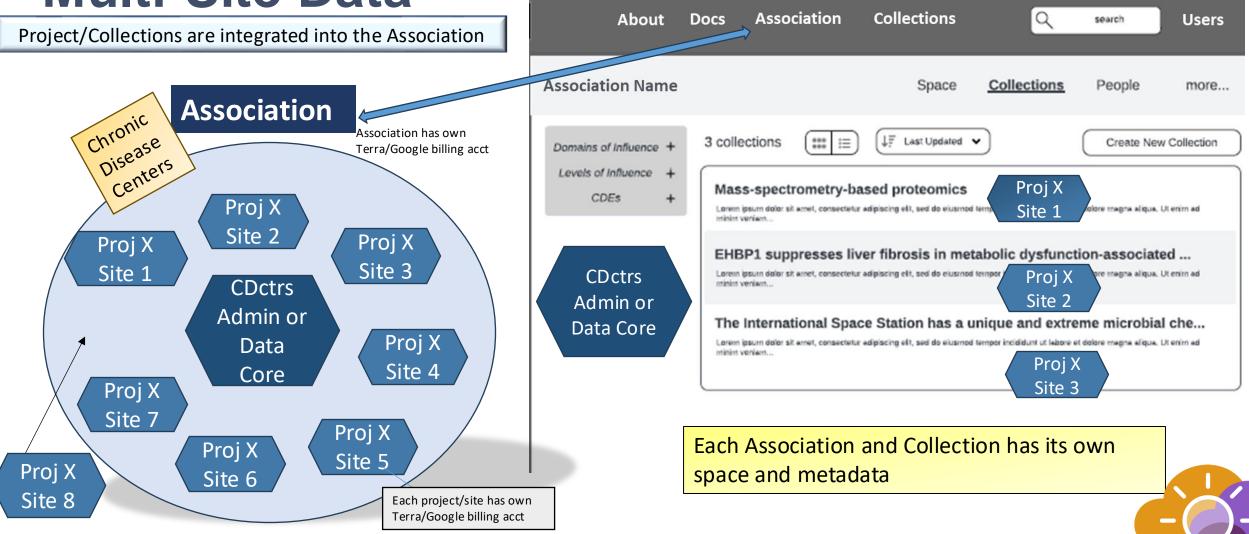
| ID  | ROLE  |                   |
|---|-------|-------------------|
| 🛓 Karl Gutwin (karl9152)                                | ADMIN | Ť.                |
| his collection's access level is currently set to Priva |       | Make Confidential |
| share this collection with others, you must first set   |       |                   |

#### By default, all collections start out as **Private**.

- **Private**: Only the collection's owner can access
- Confidential: The collection can be shared with named users
- Controlled: The collection can be shared with members of a controlled access group, as well as named users
- Public: The collection can be read by any user, including those not logged in; it can also be shared with named users



### SCHARE Data Repository Multi-Site Data



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Starree

### Data Aggregation Tool

| Advanced Explorer Table Diction                                   | onary Met  |                   | go   text/ | /prql   status: 🕚               |   | Item Ope |
|---|------------|-------------------|------------|---------------------------------|---|----------|
| Source data from:   | test_data. | xlsx              | 7          |                                 |   |          |
| 🐛 Join Select   |            |                   |            |                                 |   |          |
| Join Table  | Da         | taview Column     |            | Matching Column from Join Table |   |          |
| mh_svi_county-ScHARe  | 0 P        | Postal Zip Code   | 0          | zip_code                        | ٥ |          |
| Select Available Columns  |            | Selected Columns  |            |                                 |   |          |
| = Age Units ()  | 0          | = Participant ID  |            |                                 |   |          |
| = Birthplace - US   |            | = Age 🜑           |            |                                 |   |          |
| 2000  |            | = Postal Zip Code |            |                                 |   |          |
| = Birthplace - Outside US   |            |                   |            |                                 |   |          |
|   | n          | = Sex at Birth 🚯  |            |                                 |   |          |
| = Birthplace - Outside US   | n          | = LOCATION        |            |                                 |   |          |
| = Birthplace - Outside US<br>= Race/Ethnicity Self-Identification | n          |                   |            |                                 |   |          |
| = Birthplace - Outside US<br>= Race/Ethnicity Self-Identification | n          |                   |            |                                 |   |          |

**PUBLICLY AVAILABLE SPRING 2025** 

### **SCHARE AI Tools**

Authenticate

Coming soon!

#### Gemini Assistant

Use Gemini Assistant to launch a simple Q&A chat window to get assistance with writing your data analysis code. The chat interface is powered by

the Gemini model and is designed to answer questions related to assisting novice coders with writing analysis code. Type your question in the box

and click the Generate button to call the model and generate an output.

Note: while the data you send through this tool and data sent back are protected under Terra's Enterprise Google Cloud permissions, and are not reused by Google for future model training, we advise not sending any sensitive information (e.g. PII or PHI) through the model. Sticking to general

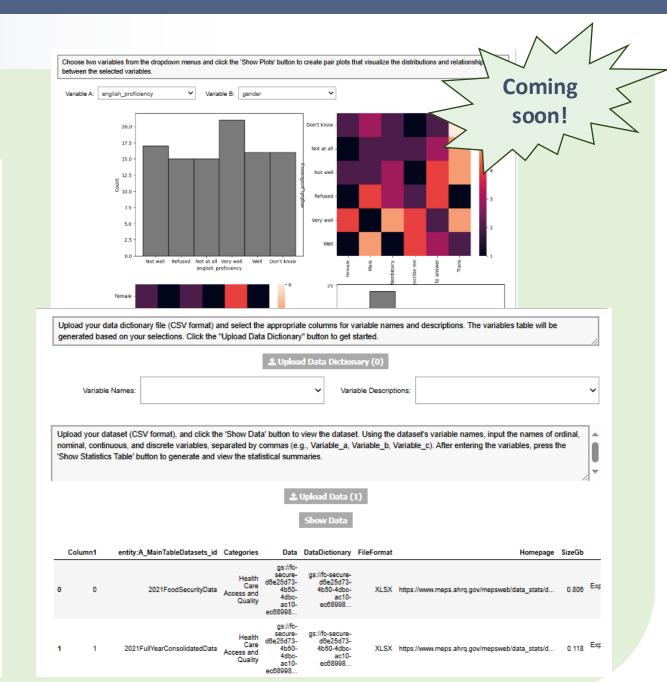
questions or inserting dummy variable names to your questions are good practices to ensure the privacy of your data.

| s-central1                    |
|-------------------------------|
|                               |
| ype your coding question here |
|                               |
|                               |
|                               |
|                               |
|                               |
|                               |

### **SCHARE AI Tools**

### User friendly metadata, data and model documentation tools

| nmary.  | f description or abstract in the provided text boxes. Once done, press the 'Save' button to generate the dataset facts                                |
|---|---|
| Project Title:  |   |
| Project Description:  |   |
|   | Save  |
| in the metadata fields with the "Save" button to save and d | e relevant information about your dataset, such as filename, format, URL, and domain. After completing the fields, clic<br>isplay the metadata table. |
| Filename:   |   |
| Format:   |   |
| URL:  |   |
| Domain:   |   |
| Keywords:   |   |
| Туре:   |   |
| Geography:  |   |
| a Collection Method:  |   |
| Time Method:  |   |



### **SCHARE PySCHARE Python Package**

### PySCHARE package to search datasets and variables, subset, save, and visualize datasets

#### DataVisual()

Use the dropdown menus to select a dataset and configure your plot parameters.

- Bar, count, box, boxen, strip, swarm, and violin plots typically require a categorical variable on the X-axis (or hue) and a numeric variable on the Y-axis; see the categorical tutorial for details.
- · Scatter and line plots call for numeric variables on both axes (e.g., time vs. measurement); refer to the relational tutorial.
- · Histograms typically need a single numeric variable on the X-axis and are described in the distributions tutorial.

Use "hue" to differentiate categories by color, "style" to vary markers or lines, and "size" to scale markers based on another variable. The "col" and "row" options create subplots (facets) for comparison across categories, while the "multiple" parameter (e.g., "dodge," "stack," "fill") manages overlapping data displays. Once the plot type and settings are selected, click "Show Plot" to visualize the results.

| Select Dataset | None<br>2021FoodSecurityData<br>2021FullYearConsolidatedData<br>2021JobsFileData   | Ô       | Select X<br>Select Y |       | ~<br>~ |
|----------------|--|---------|----------------------|-------|--------|
|                | 2021MedicalConditionsData<br>2021PersonRoundPlanPublicUseData<br>2022FoodSecurityData<br>2022FullCharacteristicsData<br>2022FullVearConsolidatedData | -       | Select Hue           |       | ~      |
|                |  | •       | Select Style         |       | ~      |
| Select Plot    | None<br>Bar Plot   | <b></b> | Select Size          |       | ~      |
|                | Box Plot<br>Boxen Plot<br>Count Plot   | - 1     | Select Column        |       | ~      |
|                | Histogram<br>Line Plot<br>Point Plot   |         | Select Row           |       | ~      |
|                | Scatter Plot<br>Strip Plot   | -       | Select Layer         | Layer | ~      |

Show Plot

#### DataSubset()

Use the Select Dataset dropdown to choose a dataset. The available variables will be dynamically populated when you select options in the Select Variables dropdown. After selecting the desired variables from the Select Variables dropdown, you may visualize the data by clicking the Show Data

Coming

button. This will display the first few rows of the specific columns selected in the output area below.

To save the displayed data, click the Save Data button. This action will store the selected data in your bucket and confirm the successful operation in the output area. Please make sure you have made selections in both the dataset and variables dropdowns before attempting to save.

| Select Dataset  | Select Variables                 |           |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------|
| PLACES 500Cities 2021<br>PLACES 500Cities 2022<br>PLACES 500Cities 2023<br>PLACES 500Cities 2023<br>PLACES 500Cities 2024<br>YRBSS YouthRiskBehavior 2015<br>YRBSS YouthRiskBehavior 2017 | Q1<br>Q2<br>Q3<br>Q4<br>Q5<br>Q6 |           |
| YRBSS_YouthRiskBehavior_2019<br>YRBSS_YouthRiskBehavior_2021  | Q7<br>Q8                         | Show Data |
| YRBSS_YouthRiskBehavior_2023  | Q9<br>Q10                        | Save Data |

#### Calculate()

Use the Select Dataset dropdown to choose a dataset. The available variables will be dynamically populated when you select options in the Select Variables dropdown. After selecting the desired variables from the Select Variables dropdown, click the Describe Data button. This will display the summary statistics of the specific columns selected in the output area below.

| Select Dataset   |   | Select Variables |  |
|--|---|------------------|--|
| PLACES_500Cities_2021<br>PLACES_500Cities_2022<br>PLACES_500Cities_2023                      | - | Q1<br>Q2<br>Q3   |  |
| PLACES_500Cities_2024<br>YRBSS_YouthRiskBehavior_2015<br>YRBSS_YouthRiskBehavior_2017        |   | Q4<br>Q5<br>Q6   |  |
| YRBSS_YouthRiskBehavior_2019<br>YRBSS_YouthRiskBehavior_2021<br>YRBSS_YouthRiskBehavior_2023 |   | Q7<br>Q8<br>Q9   |  |
|  | • | Q10              |  |

Describe Data

### Connect to a Terra Jupyter notebook

|   | WOR  | KSPJ   | CES   |  | e-gde-der  | deutschulle KG +<br>no.ipynb                |                      |                              |  |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|---|--|--|---|----------------------|------------------------------|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| HBCARD  | DAT  | A  | ANA   | oses   | WORKFLOWS  | 308 HISTORY                                 | r                    |                              |  |   |   |   |  |  |  |
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| 11: 44  | Installation   | of the   | e pypigeon  | Library, de  | this once  |   |                      |                              |  |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| :.  | aport sys  |  |   |  |  |   |                      |                              |  |   |   |   |  |  |  |
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| Doc   | cumentation fo   | r the Pyl  | Pigeon clien  | t can be found   | d here:  |   |                      |                              |  |   |   |   |  |  |  |
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|   |  |  |   |  | 'Example NMMGS   | i Analysis')                                |                      |                              |  |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| 111 00  |  | iert.g   | et_collect  | ion_by_name  |  | i Analysis')                                |                      |                              |  |   |   |   |  |  |  |
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| (4): mah<br>(4): mah<br>(5): mah<br>(5): mah<br>(5): mah  | lection = cl<br>ss = csllect<br>ing mHos-cb<br>ss<br>CASED   | ilent.ge<br>tion.get<br>t-facil<br>LST N<br>AK         | et_collect<br>t_tuble('n<br>lities: 0it<br>dentaxe                      | ion_by_name <br>miss-cbt-fac<br>t (80:00, 72<br>OwnERSHP                             | nitities")<br>1/5]<br>PUBLICADENCY                             | TREATCOSTHRPY                               | 10                   | 0.0                          | ALASKA   | -   | 253462.0  | 77965.0   | 280670   | -  | 34760.0  |
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| n (3); cel<br>n (4); nah<br>Leed<br>n (5); nah<br>et (5);<br>4<br>1<br>2<br>3   | Lection = cl<br>ss = callect<br>ing mbss-cb<br>ss<br>CASED<br>201000003<br>201000003<br>201000003  | LIST N<br>AK<br>AL<br>AL                               | et_collect<br>t_table('m<br>lities: Rit<br>exentanz<br>1<br>1           | ion_by_name!<br>mbss-cbt-fac<br>t [84:04, 72<br>dwnet#SieP<br>2:0<br>2:0<br>1:0      | ellaties*)<br>t/s0<br>PUBLICAGENCY<br>-20<br>-20<br>-20        | TREATCOOTHRPY<br>10<br>10                   | 1.0<br>1.0<br>1.0    | 0.0<br>1.0<br>1.0<br>1.0     | ALASKA<br>ALABASKA<br>ALABASKA<br>ALABASKA                 | 7385%L0<br>4864680.0<br>4864680.0                                   | <ul> <li>253482.0</li> <li>1860269.0</li> <li>1860269.0</li> <li>1860269.0</li> </ul> | 77965.0<br>829400.0<br>829400.0<br>829400.0             | 280670<br>147898-0<br>147898-0<br>147898-0         | 32537.206897<br>23672.839821<br>23672.839821                                 | 34790.0<br>479043.0<br>479043.0<br>479043.0                  |
| n (3); cel<br>n (4); nah<br>Leed<br>n (5); nah<br>et (5);<br>4<br>1<br>2<br>3   | Lection = c1<br>es = csllect<br>ing mbss-chr<br>es<br>CASE0<br>201800125<br>1 201800193<br>2 201800194<br>2 201800194<br>2 201800194     | LIST N<br>AK<br>AL<br>AL                               | et_collect<br>t_table('n<br>Lities: Bit<br>seentaxz<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1 | ion_by_name(<br>mhos-c0t-fac<br>t (MH100, 7)<br>OWNERSHP<br>2:0<br>2:0<br>1:0<br>1:0 | ellaties*)<br>t/s3<br>PUBLICAGENCY<br>-20<br>-20<br>-20<br>-20 | TREATCOOTHRPY<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>10 | 1.0<br>1.0<br>1.0    | 0.0<br>10<br>10<br>10<br>0.0 | ALASKA<br>ALABANIN<br>ALABANIN<br>ALABANIN<br>ALABANIN     | 738516.0<br>4864680.0<br>4864680.0<br>4864680.0<br>4864680.0        | <ul> <li>253482.0</li> <li>1860269.0</li> <li>1860269.0</li> <li>1860269.0</li> </ul> | 77965.0<br>829400.0<br>829400.0<br>829400.0<br>829400.0 | 280670<br>147898-0<br>147898-0<br>147898-0         | 12537.206497<br>23072.835821<br>23072.835821<br>23072.835821                 | 34790.0<br>479043.0<br>479043.0<br>479043.0                  |
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How do I analyze or aggregate data from the ScHARe Data Repository?

